Eating mushrooms for our health



















Definitions:

Fungiphobic: having an irrational fear of mushrooms, molds, and anything having to do with fungi!

Fungiphilic: being truly enlightened and knowing that fungi are gifts from the gods and that the science of mycology can provide answers to most of mankind's most pressing problems





Why are people often fungiphobic??

A few mushrooms are poisonous!!

- Approximately 24,000 mushroom species have been identified [Chang and Miles, 2004]
- About 1000 species (~4%) are known to be edible.
- About 60 of these have been cultivated (about 10 on a large industrial scale)
- But....about 40 species are known to be poisonous!!





Agaricus campestris, yummy!!



Amanita virosa, destroying angel



Amanita phalloides, death cap

With increasing population and little increase in arable land, <u>UA School of Plant Sciences</u> is focused on <u>sustainable food production systems</u> through:

Plant breeding Cultural practices Plant protection Plant biotechnology



Controlled environment agriculture

But what about mushrooms??



Are mushrooms a substantial, nutritious, and sustainable source of food?

Are mushrooms are a nutritious food? YES!

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 5 medium (84g/3.0 oz)

Amount Per Serving

Calories 20		Calories from Fat 0	
		%	Daily Value
Total Fat 0g			0%
Saturated Fat 0g			0%
Trans Fat 0g	l.		
Cholesterol Omg		0%	
Sodium 15mg		1%	
Potassium 300mg		9%	
Total Carbohy	drate 3g		1%
Dietary Fiber 1g		4%	
Sugars 0g			108.04
Protein 3g			
Vitamin A 0%	•	Vitamin C	2%
Calcium 0%		Iron 2%	
Vitamin D 4%		Thiamin 4%	
Riboflavin 20% •		Niacin 15%	
Vitamin B6 4% •		Folate 4%	
Pantothenic Acid 15% •		Phosphorus 8%	
Magnesium 2% •		Zinc 2%	
Selenium 10% ·		Copper 15%	
Manganese 2%	5		
*Percent Daily Value Your daily values ma calorie needs:	ay be higher	or lower depen	ding on your
Total Fat	Calories: Less than	2,000 65g	2,500 80g
Saturated Fat	Less than	20g	25g
Cholesterol	Less than	300mg	300mg
Sodium	Less than	2,400mg	2,400mg
Potassium		3,500 mg	3,500 mg
Total Carbohydrate		300g	375g
Dietary Fiber		25g	30g

Mycoprotein is a good balance of all nine essential amino acids in roughly the same proportions as egg.

A first class protein product, comparable to meat and fish but with no cholesterol, high in fiber, low in fat, and no transfats.

Compare this to CORN, which is less than 10% protein and deficient in three essential amino acids: lysine, tryptophan, and methionine.

Myco-protein products!! from *Fusarium venenatum*.

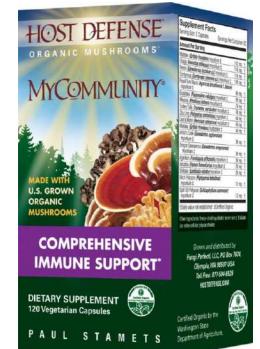




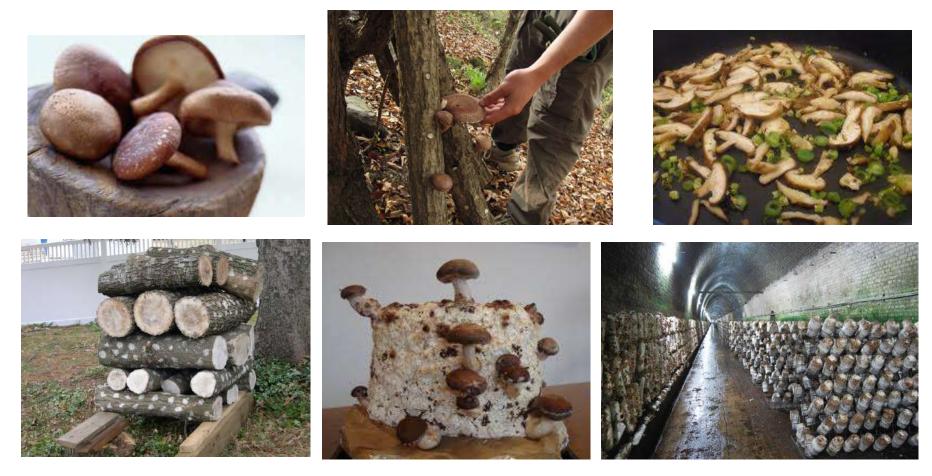
Excellent source for B and D vitamins as well!

Equally important, all those amazing nutraceuticals!!!

- Egotheonine, a natural <u>antioxidant</u> found in beans, oats, liver, with the highest concentration in mushrooms.
- Conjugated linoleic acids (CLA), found mainly in the meat, dairy products, and mushrooms. Powerful <u>anti-</u> <u>carcinogens</u>; significant effects on metabolism by <u>lowering body fat</u>, increasing lean body mass
- Beta glucans, effective immuno-modulators that <u>enhance the innate immune response</u> by stimulating natural killer (NK) cells, and <u>enhance adaptive immune</u> <u>response</u> by stimulating dendritic cells (DC) maturation and their antigen-presenting functions
- Aromatase and 5-alpha reductase inhibitors, <u>hormone</u> <u>modulators</u> that inhibit enzymes important in the biosynthesis of estrogen and dihydrotestosterone, respectively.
- The statins, HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors, produced by many fungi reduce cholesterol production in the liver.



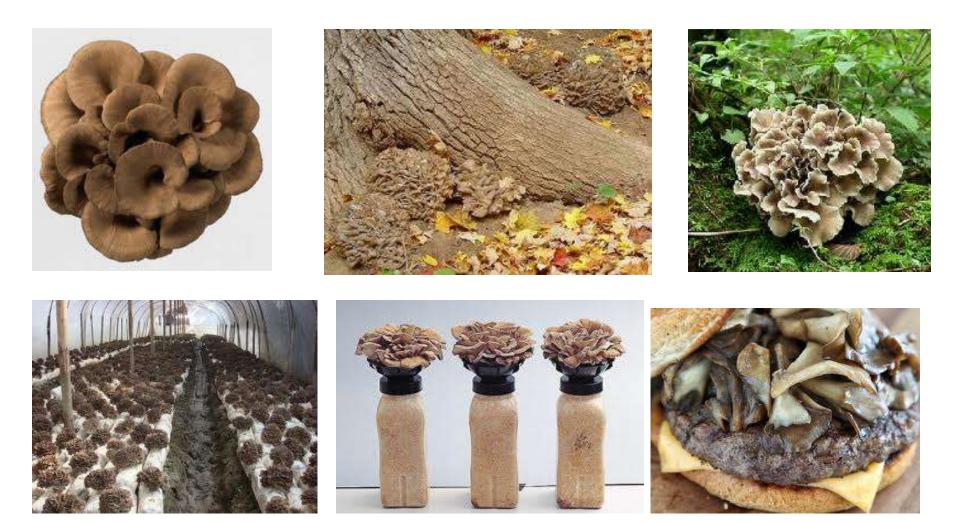
The big Five (medicinal mushrooms) Shitake (the king!): Lower cholesterol, CLAs, antimicrobial, antioxidant, anticancer



Naturally grows on logs

commercially grown on sawdust blocks

Maitake (hen of the woods): Lower cholesterol, antimicrobial, antiinflammatory



Also commercially grown on sawdust blocks

Maitake burger....yummmmm!

Almond mushroom (Himematsutake):, lower blood sugar, Lower cholesterol, CLAs, antimicrobial, antiinflammatory, anticancer,









commercially grown on composted straw

Reishi (lingzhi): lower blood sugar, Lower cholesterol, antimicrobial, antihormonal,













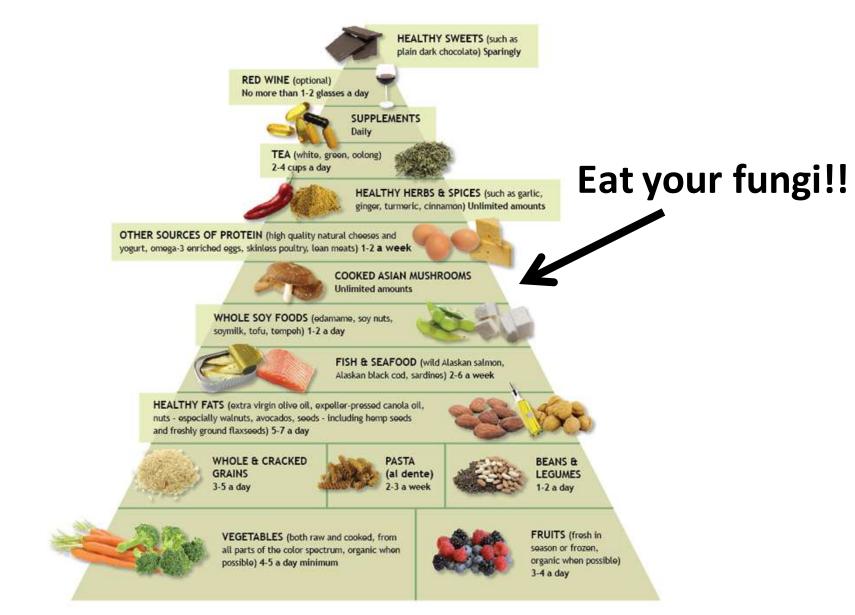
commercially grown on sawdust blocks

Cordyceps: lower blood sugar, antimicrobial, anti-inflammatory, popular with elderly



Grown in trays on live caterpillars, sold in stores still attached to the host

Dr. Weil's anti-inflammatory food pyramid



If you want to live to be 100, eat your vegetables and EAT YOUR MUSHROOMS!

In Conclusion

- Mushrooms have been part of the human diet for thousands of years
- Mushrooms are competing with other fresh produce in the market, not just with other mushrooms
- In Asian countries, mushrooms are considered a staple food. In Western countries, mushrooms are an "impulse purchase"
- The health benefits of mushrooms long recognized in Asia, are starting to be recognized in the west as part of a healthy diet.
- We need to promote "fungiphilia" to stimulate a robust market for mushrooms.





Mushrooms can help reduce cardiovascular disease



ergot

Both common and specialty mushrooms inhibit the cellular processes associated with early heart disease

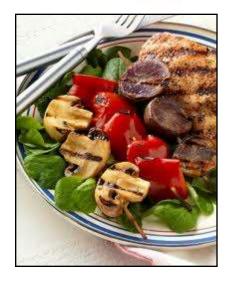
- Ergotheoneine is a natural antioxidant, first discovered in ergot. Cannot be synthesized by humans, so must be obtained in the diet. Also found in beans and oat bran, ruminant liver and kidney. But mushrooms have the highest concentration!!
- Inhibits adhesion molecule expression and in vitro binding of monocytes to human aortic endothelial cells in a proinflammatory environment characteristic of early cardiovascular disease

Mushrooms also produce conjugated linoleic acids (CLA), isomers of linoleic acid found mainly in the meat and dairy products derived from ruminants.

➢CLA's are powerful anti-carcinogens, hindering tumor growth in mammary, skin, colon, and prostate tissue

➢Also a significant effect of CLA on weight management is on body composition, a reduction in total body fat and an increase in lean body mass







Yummmm!!!

Mushrooms can help protect against infection

- Mushrooms have beta-glucans, important structural components of all fungal cell walls
- Beta-glucans appear to promote innate immune response against viral infections and tumors by enhancing natural killer (NK) cells, cytotoxic lymphocytes that kill infected and damaged cells.
- Mushrooms also stimulate dendritic cells (DC) maturation and their antigen-presenting functions which also promote adaptive immune response against microbes and allergens



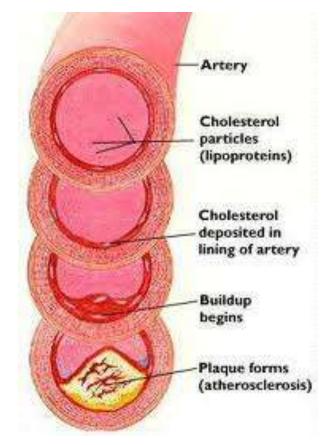
Agaricus blazei (Almond mushroom)

Anti-Hypercholesterolemic Activity

>Mushrooms have been shown to contain several additional compounds which appear to lower serum cholesterol in mammals

Statins (HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors, example is lovastatin) naturally produced in fungi (yeast, Aspergillus, oyster mushrooms, and others) reduce cholesterol production in the liver. Many synthetic derivatives...big pharmacuetical money behind these drugs!!!

>Eritadenine, first isolated from shiitake, is also a powerful cholesterol reducing agent



Mushroom help protect against many forms of cancer as we age

- Mushrooms inhibit aromatase and 5-alpha reductase
- Aromatase is an important enzyme in the biosynthesis of estrogens. Because estrogens also promote certain cancers and other diseases, aromatase inhibitors are frequently used to treat those diseases.
- 5-alpha reductase convert testosterone into the more potent dihydrotestosterone (DHT). DHT, as well as all androgens, is later converted to estrogens.



A. bisporus



A. bisporus crimini



A. bisporus portobella